

ISTQB Foundation Sample Question Paper No. 22

Q. 1: Test planning has which of the following major tasks?

- i. Determining the scope and risks, and identifying the objectives of testing.**
- ii. Determining the test approach (techniques, test items, coverage, identifying and interfacing the teams involved in testing , testware)**
- iii. Reviewing the Test Basis (such as requirements, architecture, design, interface)**
- iv. Determining the exit criteria.**

- A. i,ii,iv are true and iii is false
- B. i,,iv are true and ii is false
- C. i,ii are true and iii,iv are false
- D. ii,iii,iv are true and i is false

Q. 2: Deciding How much testing is enough should take into account :-

- i. Level of Risk including Technical and Business product and project risk**
- ii. Project constraints such as time and budget**
- iii. Size of Testing Team**
- iv. Size of the Development Team**

- A. i,ii,iii are true and iv is false
- B. i,,iv are true and ii is false
- C. i,ii are true and iii,iv are false
- D. ii,iii,iv are true and i is false

Q. 3: Which of the following will be the best definition for Testing:

- A. The goal / purpose of testing is to demonstrate that the program works.
- B. The purpose of testing is to demonstrate that the program is defect free.
- C. The purpose of testing is to demonstrate that the program does what it is supposed to do.
- D. Testing is executing Software for the purpose of finding defects.

Q. 4: Minimum Tests Required for Statement Coverage and Branch Coverage:

Read P Read Q

If $p+q > 100$ then

Print "Large" End if

If $p > 50$ then Print "pLarge" End if

- A. Statement coverage is 2, Branch Coverage is 2
- B. Statement coverage is 3 and branch coverage is 2
- C. Statement coverage is 1 and branch coverage is 2
- D. Statement Coverage is 4 and Branch coverage is 2

Q. 5: Match every stage of the software Development Life cycle with the Testing Life cycle:

- i. Hi-level design a Unit tests**
- ii. Code b Acceptance tests**
- iii. Low-level design c System tests**
- iv. Business requirements d Integration tests**

- A. i-d , ii-a , iii-c , iv-b
- B. i-c , ii-d , iii-a , iv-b
- C. i-b , ii-a , iii-d , iv-c
- D. i-c , ii-a , iii-d , iv-b

Q. 6: Which of the following is a part of Test Closure Activities?

- i. Checking which planned deliverables have been delivered
- ii. Defect report analysis.
- iii. Finalizing and archiving testware.
- iv. Analyzing lessons.

- A. i , ii , iv are true and iii is false
- B. i , ii , iii are true and iv is false
- C. i , iii , iv are true and ii is false
- D. All of above are true

Q. 7: Which of the following is NOT part of a high level test plan?

- A. Functions not to be tested.
- B. Environmental requirements.
- C. Analysis of Specifications.
- D. Entry and Exit criteria.

Q. 8: If a candidate is given an exam of 40 questions, should get 25 marks to pass (61%) and should get 80% for distinction, what is equivalence class.

- A. 23, 24, 25
- B. 0, 12, 25
- C. 30, 36, 39
- D. 32,37,40

Q. 9: Which of the following statements is true of static analysis:

- A. Compiling code is not a form of static analysis.
- B. Static analysis need not be performed before imperative code is executed.
- C. Static analysis can find faults that are hard to find with dynamic testing.
- D. Extensive statistic analysis will not be needed if white- Box testing is to be performed.

Q. 10: In a system designed to work out the tax to be paid: An employee has \$4000 of salary tax free. The next \$1500 is taxed at 10% The next \$28000 is taxed at 22% Any further amount is taxed at 40% Which of these groups of numbers would fall into the same equivalence class?

- A. \$5800; \$28000; \$32000
- B. \$0; \$200; \$4200
- C. \$5200; \$5500; \$28000
- D. \$28001; \$32000; \$35000

Q. 11: Cost of the reviews will not include.

- A. Review process itself
- B. Metrics analysis
- C. Tool support.
- D. Process improvement.

Q. 12: Regression testing always involves

- A. Testing whether a known software fault been fixed.
- B. Executing a large number of different tests.
- C. Testing whether modifications have introduced adverse side effects.
- D. Using a test automation tool.

Q. 13: Capture and replay facilities are least likely to be used to _____

- A. Performance testing
- B. Recovery testing
- C. GUI testing
- D. User requirements.

Q. 14: Which tool will be used to test the flag memory leaks and unassigned pointers

- A. Dynamic analysis tool
- B. Static Analysis tool.
- C. Maintenance tool.
- D. Configuration tool.

Q. 15: Cyclomatic complexity is used to calculate

- A. Number of independent paths in the basis set of a program
- B. Number of binary decisions + 1
- C. Number bound for the number of tests that must be conducted to ensure that all statements have been executed at least once
- D. Number of branches and decisions

Q. 16: Which of the following is not included in Test Plan.

- A. Features to be tested.
- B. Environmental needs.
- C. Suspension criteria.
- D. Expected results.

Q. 17: Software quality is not relevant to _____

- A. Correctness
- B. Usability
- C. Viability
- D.

Reusability.

Q. 18: Match the following:

- 1. Test estimation
- 2. Test control
- 3. Test monitoring
- a. Measures of tracking process
- b. Effort required to perform activities
- c. Reallocation of resources

- A. 1-b, 2-c, 3-a
- B. 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
- C. 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
- D. 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

Q. 19: When do you stop testing?

- A. When the specified number of faults are found.
- B. When the test completion criteria are met.
- C. When all high and medium priority tests are complete.
- D. When all statements have been executed

Q. 20: What is the smallest number of test cases required to Provide 100% branch coverage?

```
if(x>y) x=x+1;
else y=y+1;
while(x>y)
{
y=x*y; x=x+1;
}
```

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3

D. 4

Q. 21: Match the following.

- 1. Configuration identification**
 - 2. Configuration control**
 - 3. Status reporting**
 - 4. Configuration auditing**
- a. Maintains of CI's in a library**
 - b. Checks on the contents of the library**
 - c. Function recording and tracking problems.**
 - d. Requires the all CI's and their versions in the system are known**

A. 1-d, 2-c, 3-d, 4-a. B. 1-d, 2-a, 3-c, 4-b. C. 1-a, 2-b, 3-d, 4-c. D. 1-c, 2-b, 3-a, 4-d.

Q. 22: Integration testing in the large involves:

- A. Testing the system when combined with other systems.
- B. Testing a sub-system using stubs and drivers.
- C. Testing a system with a large number of users.
- D. Combing software components and testing them in one go.

Q. 23: One of the following is not a part of white box testing as per BS7925-II standards.

- A. Random testing
- B. Data Flow testing.
- C. Statement testing.
- D. Syntax testing.

Q. 24: A piece of software has been given _____what tests in the Following will you perform?

- 1) Test the areas most critical to business processes**
- 2) Test the areas where faults will be maximum**
- 3) Test the easiest functionalities**

- A. 1&2 are true and 3 is false.
- B. 1,2&3 are true.
- C. 1 is true, 2&3 are false.
- D. 1&2 are false, 3 is true

Q. 25: Which of the following is a type of non-functional testing?

- A. Usability testing.
- B. Statement Coverage.
- C. Dataflow testing.
- D. Cause-effect graphing.

Q. 26: What type of testing will you perform on internet banking solution?

- A. System integration
- B. Functional testing
- C. Non-functional testing.
- D. Requirements testing

Q. 27: Which of the following are false?

- A. Incidents should always be investigated and resolved.
- B. Incidents occur when expected and actual results differ.
- C. Incidents can be analyzed to assist in test process improvement.

D. An incident can be raised against documentation.

Q. 28: Testing is not done to _____

- A. Find faults
- B. Improve quality
- C. Check user friendliness.
- D. Improve software accuracy

Q. 29: A field failure occurs when multiple users access a system. Which of the following is true?

- A. This is an acceptable risk of a multi-user system.
- B. Insufficient functional testing has been performed.
- C. This indicates an important non-functional requirement was not specified and tested.
- D. It is not possible to test against such events prior to release.

Q. 30: People who don't participate in technical reviews

- A. Analysts
- B. Management
- C. Developers
- D. Testers

Q. 31: What is failure?

- A. Deviation from expected result to actual result
- B. Defect in the software.
- C. Error in the program code. D. Fault in the system.

Q. 32: Exclusive use of white box testing in a test-phase will:

- A. Ensure the test item is adequately tested.
- B. Make the need for black-box testing redundant.
- C. Run the risk that the requirements are not satisfied.
- D. Suffices for the unit testing phase.

Q. 33: Which of the following is least important in test management?

- A. Estimating test duration.
- B. Incident Management.
- C. Configuration Management.
- D. De-bugging.

Q. 34: A standard for software testing terminology is:

- A. IEEE 802.11
- B. ISO 9001
- C. BS 7925-1
- D. BS 7925-2

Q. 35: Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of User Acceptance Testing?

- A. Use of automated test execution tools.
- B. Testing performed by users.
- C. Testing against acceptance test criteria.
- D. Integration of system with user documentation.

Q. 36: Which of the following provides the biggest potential cost saving from use of CAST?

- A. Test management
- B. Test design
- C. Test planning
- D. Test execution

Q. 37: What type of testing is done to supplement the rigorous testing?

- A. Regression testing.
- B. Integration testing.
- C. Error Guessing
- D. System testing.

Q. 38: To make a test effective it is most important that:

- A. It is easy to execute.
- B. It is designed to detect faults if present.
- C. The expected outcome is specified before execution.
- D. It is unlikely to delay progress.

Q. 39: Error guessing is:

- A. An appropriate way of deriving system tests.
- B. Only used if good requirements are not available.
- C. Only used when good requirements are available.
- D. The most appropriate way of deriving system tests.

Q. 40: Amount of testing performed will not depend on

- A. Risks involved
- B. Contractual requirements
- C. Legal requirements
- D. Test data.

Answers:

- Q.1-A
- Q.2-C
- Q.3-D
- Q.4-C
- Q.5-D
- Q.6-C
- Q.7-C
- Q.8-D
- Q.9-A
- Q.10-A
- Q.11-C
- Q.12-C
- Q.13-D
- Q.14-A
- Q.15-B
- Q.16-D
- Q.17-C
- Q.18-A
- Q.19-B
- Q.20-B
- Q.21-B
- Q.22-A
- Q.23-D
- Q.24-A
- Q.25-A
- Q.26-C
- Q.27-C
- Q.28-D
- Q.29-C
- Q.30-B

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Q.31-A
Q.32-C
Q.33-D
Q.34-C
Q.35-A
Q.36-D
Q.37-C
Q.38-C
Q.39-D
Q.40-D

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